

ISO 14001:2015 PREPARING FOR A SUCCESSFUL TRANSITION









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Introduction of speaker

Agenda:

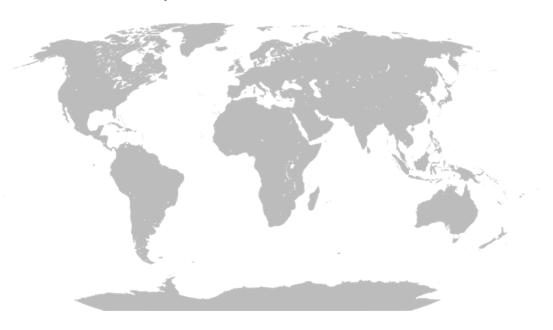
- About PJR
- Benefits
- Transition Timeframes
- Keys to a Successful Transition
- Certification Requirements
- Questions





PJR is a leading 14001 Registrar

- PJR is one of the leading ISO 14001 registrars in the world
- Countries where PJR has certified companies to ISO 14001:
 - Australia
 - Brazil
 - European Union
 - Japan
 - India
 - Malaysia
 - Mexico
 - Singapore
 - Thailand
 - United States





PJR is accredited to grant certification for :

- ISO 9001
- ISO 14001
- AS 9100, 9110 & 9120
- ISO/TS 16949
- Responsible Recycling-R2
- RIOS
- ISO 13485
- SQF

- TL 9000
- OHSAS 18001
- ISO 27001
- RCMS® AND RC14001
- ISO 22000
- HAACP Compliance
- FSSC 22000
- e-Stewards



Benefits of Getting Certified

- Meeting legal requirements and improving the organization's environmental performance.
- Management commitment and employee engagement.
- Business management, notably for meeting stakeholder requirements, improving public image, achieving strategic objectives, and integrating with business management systems.
- Supplier environmental performance.
- Providing a competitive advantage.
- Providing financial benefit.





ISO 14001:2015 - Status Update

- ISO 14001:2015 was published on September 15, 2015
- There will be a three year transition period, based on the publication date of the standards.
 - This means the transition period will end on September 14,
 2018.







Transition Process

- Three years to transition from date of publication.
- Companies can continue to get certified to ISO 14001:2004 for 18 months following publication of ISO 14001:2015.
- After 18 months from the publication date, companies can only conduct initial certifications to ISO 14001:2015.





ISO 14001:2015 – Transition Process

- A client can transition at any time during this threeyear period.
 - ISO 14001:2004 will remain valid until their obsolescence dates/end of transition period.
 - Certification to ISO 14001:2004 is equivalent to certification to the 2015 version of the standards during the transition period.





ISO 14001:2015 – Transition Process

- In order to ensure that all clients transition on time, clients will be required to have their transition audits by 1 May 2018.
 - This ensures sufficient time for corrective action response by the client and certification review and decision activities by the CB.
 - As an example, a client with an anniversary date in July would need to transition in July 2017, or take their 2018 audit early.





Annex SL - Structure

- Scope
- Normative References
- Terms and Definitions
- Context of the Organization
- Leadership
- Planning
- Support
- Operation
- Performance Evaluation
- Improvement

Annex SL common terms

organization

interested party (preferred term) stakeholder (admitted term)

requirement

management system

top management effectiveness

policy

objective

risk

competence

documented information

process

performance

outsource (verb)

monitoring

measurement

audit

conformity

nonconformity

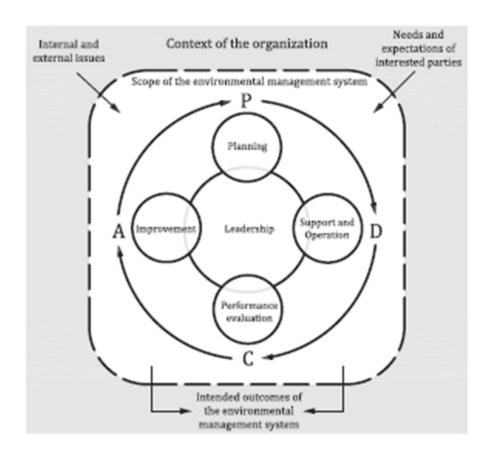
correction

corrective action

continual improvement



ISO 14001 PDCA model







- **Strategic Environmental Management** There is an increased prominence of environmental management within the organization's <u>strategic</u> <u>planning processes</u>.
- **Leadership** To ensure the success of the system, a new clause has been added that assigns specific responsibilities for those in leadership roles to promote environmental management within the organization.





- **Protecting the environment** The expectation on organizations has been expanded to commit to proactive initiatives to protect the environment from harm and degradation, consistent with the context of the organization. The revised text does not define 'protect the environment' but it notes that it can include:
 - prevention of pollution,
 - sustainable resource use,
 - climate change mitigation and adaptation,
 - protection of biodiversity and ecosystems.





- **Environmental performance** There is a shift in emphasis with regard to continual improvement, from improving the management system to improving environmental performance.
- Lifecycle thinking In addition to the current requirement to manage environmental aspects associated with procured goods and service, organizations will need to extend its control and influence to the environmental impacts associated with product use and end-of-life treatment or disposal.





- **Communication** The development of a communications strategy with equal emphasis on external and internal communications has been added.
- Documentation Reflecting the evolution of computer and cloud based systems for running management systems, the revision incorporates the term 'documented information', instead of 'documents' and 'records'. To align with ISO 9001, the organization will retain the flexibility to determine when 'procedures' are needed to ensure effective process control.





Chapter 4 "Context of the Organization"

- This chapter addresses:
 - Understanding the needs and expectations of interested parties
 - Identify interested parties relevant to the EMS
 - Identify their needs and expectations
 - Which ones will become compliance obligations?





Chapter 5 "Leadership"

- <u>Top management</u> should, among other things, take on more responsibility for the effectiveness of the management system and the integration of environmental management into business processes.
- The <u>environmental policy</u> should include a commitment to protect the environment <u>beyond</u> the corporate boundaries.
- A <u>management representative</u> is no longer being explicitly requested, but adequate responsibilities and authorities must be ensured within the organization.





Chapter 5 "Leadership"

- Ensure top management is aware of EMS requirements within their departments.
 - Especially the following associated elements:
 - Risks and Opportunities
 - Significant Aspects
 - Compliance Obligations
 - Objectives and Targets
 - Monitoring and Measurement requirements
 - Emergency Preparedness and Response





Chapter 6 "Planning"

- The entire planning process in environmental management has been restructured and should take into consideration the positive and negative
 - environmental impacts of activities,
 - products and services into account more strongly "from a life cycle perspective" in the future.
- Although the environmental assessment does not need to explicitly include a life cycle assessment of products and processes for example, it should nevertheless examine the significant environmental aspects and all required commitments (legal, customer-specific, etc.), as well as any risks associated with possible hazards and opportunities.





6.1 Actions to address risks and opportunities

6.1.1 General

- and determine the risks and opportunities, related to its:
 - environmental aspects (see 6.1.2);
 - compliance obligations (see 6.1.3);
 - other issues and requirements, identified in 4.1 and 4.2;
- that need to be addressed to:
 - give assurance that the EMS can achieve its intended outcomes;
 - prevent, or reduce, undesired effects, including the potential for external environmental conditions to affect the organization;
 - achieve continual improvement.





6.1 Actions to address risks and opportunities

6.1.2 Environmental Aspects

- Within the defined scope of the EMS, the organization shall determine the environmental aspects of its:
 - activities,
 - products and
 - services
- that it can control and those that it can influence, and their associated environmental impacts, considering a life cycle perspective.





6.1 Actions to address risks and opportunities

6.1.3 Compliance Obligations

- The following compliance obligations need to be identified:
 - Those related to its environmental aspects, which includes:
 - Products,
 - Services
 - Activities
 - Interested party concerns





6.2 Environmental objectives and planning to achieve them

6.2.1 Environmental objectives

- Environmental objectives shall:
 - take into account the organization's significant environmental aspects and associated compliance obligations;
 - consider its risks and opportunities.





Chapter 7 "Support"

- The commitments to environmental protection are to be given more consideration in terms of communications as well. External representation and reporting must be regulated.
- With respect to documents and records, only the term "documented information" shall be used in the future, thus taking account the use of modern recording media.





7.4 Communication

• Significant communication requirements for Leadership

Internal Communication

 ensure its communication process(es) enable(s) persons doing work under the organization's control to contribute to continual improvement.

External Communication

The organization shall externally communicate information relevant to the EMS





Chapter 8 "Operation"

 Operational scheduling and control should pay closer attention to <u>upstream and downstream</u> and, in particular, outsourced processes. This also includes the environmental impacts of products and services right through to the end of their utilization.





8.1 Operational planning and control

- Consistent with a life cycle perspective, the organization shall:
 - a) establish controls to ensure that its environmental requirements are addressed in the <u>design and development process</u> for the product or service, considering each stage of its life cycle;
 - b) determine its environmental requirements for the <u>procurement</u> of products and services, as appropriate;
 - c) communicate its relevant environmental requirements to <u>external</u> <u>providers</u>, including contractors;
 - d) consider the need to provide information about <u>potential significant</u> <u>environmental impacts</u> associated with the transportation or delivery, use, end-of-life treatment and final disposal of its products and services.





8.2 Emergency Preparedness and Response

 Prepare to respond by planning actions to prevent or mitigate adverse environmental impacts from emergency situations;

Preventive Action





Chapter 9 "Performance evaluation"

- Based on the extended environmental assessment, expectations for environmental performance evaluations are now also being raised.
 - Includes performance of environmental objectives.
 - Monitoring and measuring will also include all other corporate commitments and risks in relation to environmental performance.
 - Additional inputs and outputs to Management Review





Chapter 10 – Improvement

 The correction of nonconformities as well as the continual improvement process will now be focusing more on the organization's surroundings and the improvement of environmental performance.





Guidance References

- Annex A Guidance on the use of this International Standard
- Annex B Correspondence between ISO 14001:2015 and ISO 14001:2004
- Bibliography



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Certification Steps

- Establish Documentation to meet 14001 requirements
- Training to 14001 requirements
- Implement 14001 requirements
 - Conduct internal audits of system
 - Conduct compliance evaluation
 - Conduct review of system based on input from internal audit
- Contract with a certification body
- Complete S1 and S2 audits
 - Address any nonconformities → © Certification!





Certification Process

PJR conducts a cursory review of documents in house prior to Stage 1

The registration audit consists of two stages:

- Stage 1:
 - On-site document review of your EMS
 - Evaluates the readiness of your organization to move to stage 2.
- Stage 2:
 - Scheduled 30 to 45 days after the stage 1 audit.
 - On-site audit of your entire EMS.
 - Nonconformities will need to be resolved prior to issuing of the certificate.



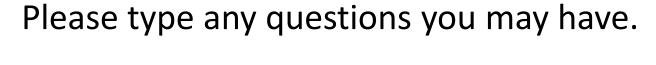
Certification Requirements

- Surveillance audits
 - Scheduled at either six or twelve month intervals depending on the contract.
 - Partial system audit.



- Re-certification audit
 - On-site audit conducted prior to the third anniversary of the initial certification
 - Surveillance visits will then continue, as before, on a 3-year cycle.











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